

<u>SUBJECT</u>		<u>DATE</u>
1056. PCB Reporting and Recordkeeping Relief	ENCORE	JAN 12, 2014
1057. Commercial Chemical Products and Unused Batteries	ENCORE	JAN 16, 2014
1058. PCB Annual Records Retention Timeframes		JAN 31, 2014
1059. Satellite Accumulation within a ≤90-day Accumulation Area		FEB 7, 2014
1060. PCB Certificate of Disposal Relief	ENCORE	FEB 13, 2014
1061. Used Oil and Weekly Inspections		FEB 20, 2014
1062. Bags and RCRA Container Definition		FEB 27, 2014
1063. Product Storage Tank Residues and Hazardous Waste Regulations	ENCORE	MAR 6, 2014
1064. Spent Lead-Acid Batteries and Accumulation Time Limits		MAR 13, 2014
1065. Land Disposal Restrictions and Dates of Accumulation		MAR 23, 2014
1066. Universal Waste Accumulation Time Limits and the One Year Rule		MAR 29, 2014
1067. PCB Manifest Discrepancy Reports and Estimated Waste Weights		APR 6, 2014
1068. PCB Wastes, Independent Transporters and Confirmation of Receipt		APR 10, 2014
1069. Paint Wastes and The Applicability of the F001-F005 Listings to Ingredients	ENCORE	APR 20, 2014
1070. Other Paint Wastes and the Applicability of the F001-F005 Listings	ENCORE	APR 24, 2014
1071. Multiple Characteristic Hazardous Waste Codes and Underlying Hazardous Constituents		MAY 1, 2014
1072. TSCA "No PCBs" versus "Non-PCBs" versus "Nondetectable PCBs"	ENCORE	MAY 8, 2014
1073. Purpose of Keeping a Hazardous Waste Container Closed	ENCORE	MAY 15, 2014
1074. PCB Containers and Multiple Removed From Service Dates		MAY 22, 2014
1075. Satellite Accumulation and RCRA Personnel Training		MAY 29, 2014
1076. Transporter Signatures on Hazardous Waste Manifest and Multiple Drivers		JUN 5, 2014
1077. Universal Waste and Nonhazardous Batteries		JUN 12, 2014
1078. Universal Waste and Incandescent Bulbs		JUN 19, 2014
1079. The PCB Mark and the Fields "Also Contact" and "Tel No"	ENCORE	JUN 29, 2014
1080. Halon Fire Extinguishers - Banned or Not Banned?	ENCORE	JUL 5, 2014
1081. Cabinets as RCRA Containers	ENCORE	JUL 13, 2014
1082. LDR Storage Prohibitions and Treated Wastes	ENCORE	JUL 17, 2014
1083. LDR Treatment Standards and F001 "Chlorinated Fluorocarbons"	ENCORE	JUL 24, 2014
1084. RCRA Regulatory Status of Chlorinated Fluorocarbons Used as Refrigerants	ENCORE	JUL 31, 2014
1085. Universal Wastes, Manifesting and DOT Shipping Names		AUG 7, 2014
1086. CERCLA Hazardous Substances – A Brief Definition		AUG 14, 2014
1087. CERCLA Hazardous Substances – The Petroleum Exclusion		AUG 21, 2014
1088. PCB Concentration Assumptions for Use vs. PCB Disposal	ENCORE	AUG 28, 2014
1089. Universal Waste and Basis for the One Year Accumulation Time Limit		SEP 4, 2014
1090. Product Spills and Waste Determinations	ENCORE	SEP 11, 2014
1091. PCB Concentrations and 10,000 PPM		SEP 18, 2014
1092. PCB Concentrations and 1,000 PPM		SEP 25, 2014
1093. Universal Waste Alkaline Batteries and Self-Transportation		OCT 2, 2014
1094. Universal Waste Lithium Batteries and Self-Transportation		OCT 9, 2014
1095. Universal Waste Batteries and Closed Containers	ENCORE	OCT 16, 2014
1096. PCB Containers and Concentration of PCBs		OCT 23, 2014
1097. Recyclable Chemicals and Zombie Destruction		OCT 31, 2014
1098. Satellite Accumulation Requirements in Washington State	ENCORE	NOV 6, 2014
1099. Satellite Accumulation and "At or Near"		NOV 13, 2014
1100. Regulatory Status of Chromated, Copper, Arsenate, (CCA) Wood as Wood Mulch	ENCORE	NOV 20, 2014
1101. Defining Criteria for Household Waste Exclusion	ENCORE	NOV 26, 2014

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TWO MINUTE TRAINING

TO: CH2M HILL PLATEAU REMEDIATION COMPANY

FROM: PAUL W. MARTIN, Senior Environmental Compliance Officer
CHPRC Environmental Protection, Hanford, WA

SUBJECT: DEFINING CRITERIA FOR HOUSEHOLD WASTE EXCLUSION

DATE: NOVEMBER 26, 2014

<u>CHPRC Projects</u>	<u>CH PRC - Env. Protection</u>	<u>MSA</u>	<u>Hanford Laboratories</u>	<u>Other Hanford Contractors</u>	<u>Other Hanford Contractors</u>
Richard Austin Tania Bates Ty Blackford Bob Cathel Rene Catlow Richard Clinton Larry Cole John Dent Brian Dixon Eric Erpenbeck Stuart Hildreth Mike Jennings Stephanie Johansen Jeanne Kisielnicki Melvin Lakes Jim McGrogan Stuart Mortensen Anthony Nagel Dean Nester Dave Richards Phil Sheely Connie Simiele Roni Swan Michael Waters Jeff Westcott Jeff Widney	Brett Barnes Ron Brunke Bill Cox Lorna Dittmer Rick Engelmann Ted Hopkins Jim Leary Dale McKenney Jon McKibben Rick Oldham Linda Petersen Fred Ruck Jennie Seaver Wayne Toebe Lee Tuott Daniel Turlington Dave Watson Joel Williams	Jerry Cammann Jeff Ehlis Garin Erickson Lori Fritz Panfilo Gonzales Jr. Dashia Huff Mark Kamberg Edwin Lamm Candice Marple Saul Martinez Jon Perry Thomas Pysto Don Rokkan Lana Strickling Lou Upton Christina Zerby	Alan Campbell Grant McCalmant <u>DOE RL, ORP, WIPP</u> Mary Beth Burandt Cliff Clark Mike Collins Tony McKarns Ellen Mattlin Greg Sinton Scott Stubblebine	Bill Bachmann Dean Baker Scott Baker Lucinda Borneman Paul Crane Tina Crane Greta Davis Jeff DeLine Ron Del Mar John Dorian Mark Ellefson Darrin Faulk Joe Fritts Tom Gilmore Rob Gregory Gene Grohs James Hamilton Andy Hobbs Ryan Johnson Dan Kimball Megan Lerchen Richard Lipinski Charles (Mike) Lowery Michael Madison Terri Mars Cary Martin Steve Metzger Tony Miskho Matt Mills Tom Moon Chuck Mulkey Judith Nielsen Mandy Pascual Kirk Peterson Jean Quigley	Mark Rollison Dan Saueressig Merrie Schilperoort Joelle Stamm Glen Triner Greg Varljen Julie Waddoups Kyle Webster Ted Wooley

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TWO MINUTE TRAINING

SUBJECT: Defining Criteria for Household Waste Exclusion

Q: What criteria must be applied to household waste to ensure that it meets the exclusion found at WAC 173-303-071(3)(c) [40 CFR 261.4(b)(1)]?

A: The Household Waste Exclusion basically states that waste generated by consumers is not subject to regulation as a dangerous or hazardous waste. In the November 13, 1984, Federal Register on page 44978, EPA stated that two criteria must be applied to ensure that a waste meets the requirements of the exclusion. First, the waste must be generated by permanent individuals (home owners) or temporary (renters) of a household. Second, the waste stream must be composed primarily of materials found in the wastes generated by consumers in their homes. In EPA's view, a waste stream meeting both criteria is a household waste subject to the exclusion. Therefore homes, apartments, bunkhouses, ranger stations, campgrounds, and picnic grounds that generate wastes similar to wastes generated by consumers in their household are considered household waste and eligible for the exclusion.

In contrast, wastes from retail stores, office buildings, restaurants, and shopping centers do not meet the two criteria: They do not serve as permanent or temporary residences for individuals and the wastes generated at these establishments are not necessarily similar to wastes generated by consumers in their homes. EPA also stated that there is no basis for extending the household waste exclusion to wastes such as debris produced during building construction, renovation, or demolition in houses or other residences, as EPA does not consider wastes from these sources to be similar to those generated by a consumer in the home in the course of daily living. These wastes must be evaluated as any other solid waste to determine if hazardous waste regulations apply.

SUMMARY:

- Household waste must be:
 - Generated by the residents of the household and,
 - Composed primarily of household-type wastes generated by consumers in their homes.
- Establishments such as retail stores, office buildings, restaurants, and shopping centers do not meet the two criteria.
- Debris from building construction, renovation, or demolition in houses, or other residences, is not similar to wastes generated by a consumer in the home in the course of daily living and is therefore not eligible for the household waste exclusion.

WAC 173-303-071(3)(c) and 40 CFR 261.4(b)(1) are attached to the e-mail. If you have any questions, please contact me at Paul_W_Martin@rl.gov or at (509) 376-6620.

FROM: Paul W. Martin

DATE: 11/26/14

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TWO MINUTE TRAINING - ATTACHMENT

SUBJECT: Defining Criteria for Household Waste Exclusion

WAC 173-303-071 Excluded categories of waste.

(3) Exclusions. The following categories of waste are excluded from the requirements of chapter 173-303 WAC, except for WAC 173-303-050*, 173-303-145*, and 173-303-960*, and as otherwise specified:

(c) Household wastes, including household waste that has been collected, transported, stored, or disposed. Wastes that are residues from or are generated by the management of household wastes (e.g., leachate, ash from burning of refuse-derived fuel) are not excluded by this provision. "Household wastes" means any waste material (including, but not limited to, garbage, trash, and sanitary wastes in septic tanks) derived from households (including single and multiple residences, hotels and motels, bunkhouses, ranger stations, crew quarters, campgrounds, picnic grounds, and day-use recreation areas).

*WAC 173-303-050 **Department of ecology cleanup authority**
*WAC 173-303-145 **Spills and discharges into the environment**
*WAC 173-303-960 **Special powers and authorities of the department**

40 CFR 261.4 Exclusions

(b) *Solid wastes which are not hazardous wastes.* The following solid wastes are not hazardous wastes:

(1) Household waste, including household waste that has been collected, transported, stored, treated, disposed, recovered (e.g., refuse-derived fuel) or reused. "Household waste" means any material (including garbage, trash and sanitary wastes in septic tanks) derived from households (including single and multiple residences, hotels and motels, bunkhouses, ranger stations, crew quarters, campgrounds, picnic grounds and day-use recreation areas).